

FINANCES TO BE  
TAKEN UP  
NEXT

**Monetary Questions Are First on Frear's Program.**

**DECKS ARE CLEARED**

**Governor Now Ready to Buckle Down to Big Task.**

(From Sunday's Advertiser.) That the whole question of the finances of the Territory is to be taken up at once, was indicated by Governor Frear yesterday. The executive, after hard work, has cleared up a great number of matters which demanded first attention and now feels able to buckle down to the big task of looking into the fiscal questions that confront the government.

While speaking on the subject of finances, and answering questions put to him by representatives of the local press who called upon him yesterday afternoon, Governor Frear intimated that teachers in the Territory need not unduly worry over the publication of a statement that they may have to go without their salaries temporarily. The matter will be satisfactorily adjusted. He also put a quietus on the suggestion that a special session of the legislature may have to be called to deal with the subject of finances.

Left to the Government. When the legislature passed the new financial act at the session recently closed, it did so with the full understanding that the executive officers would carry out the details. The members of the legislature felt that they could not delve into these details, neither did many of them consider it necessary. They knew that the government is composed of perfectly capable men who will go into that subject fully and carry out the details with a proper regard to all the various and many interests of the whole Territory.

"That would be too bad," said the Governor when his attention was drawn to a sensational report in an afternoon paper which stated that, "it looks highly probable that there will have to be a special session of the legislature for the purpose of amending the appropriations made for the payment of school teachers from July 1 to November 30."

"Is the report correct?" the Governor was asked.

"I don't know anything about it," he replied. "It was mentioned to me the day before yesterday, but I have not had time to look into yet. We are going to take up all the finances under the new act pretty soon and go over them and see how they work out."

Will Come Out All Right. In an indirect manner the Governor mildly deprecated the creating of scares without sufficient knowledge or cause to back up the statements. Said he: "It will be difficult for persons who have not gone into it very carefully to figure out how things are coming out financially. We may have to economize at certain periods in order to have money available for other periods. A sort of scheme must be worked out for a year ahead until we can get on a new basis."

"It will come out all right," continued the Governor, "but we may have to adjust things temporarily for a little while. The legislature, in dealing with the finances, could not give the time to working the matter out. It had to leave it to the territorial officers."

Swamped With Work. Governor Frear recalled that the same sort of thing has happened previously in Hawaii. "When the special income tax was enacted we had to go slow for a while," he said, "till we could catch up with the taxes. The taxes did not come in until four months after the act was passed."

U. S. ACQUIRES MORE PEARL HARBOR LAND

Arrangements have practically been completed by which the piece of land at Pearl Harbor known as Ahau Point is to be taken over by the United States Government. The property consists of 398 acres and it is to be acquired at forty dollars an acre.

The land forms part of the Kamehameha reservation, and in all probability it is here that the proposed six-inch battery is to be erected. The acquisition of the property is following out the general plan of the military authorities as outlined a few days ago. All the forces are being concentrated on the coast and permanent work is being done.

CONVICTS ESCAPE

JOLIET, May 21.—During a severe thunderstorm here yesterday, six convicts employed in the quarry took the opportunity to escape from their guards. Two of them have been recaptured, but the other four have so far eluded their pursuers.

CHAMBERLAIN RESIGNS

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Eugene T. Chamberlain, commissioner of navigation in the department of commerce and labor, today resigned. His successor has not been announced.

FINANCES TO BE  
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NEXT

**CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MAY ACT ON BARRACKS SITE LATER THIS WEEK.**

(From Sunday's Advertiser.) Under instructions from the board of trustees of the chamber of commerce, Secretary H. P. Wood yesterday sent a cablegram to George M. McCellan, representative of the chamber at Washington, requesting more information regarding the proposal of the war department to concentrate a number of regiments on the armory site, better known as the drilled lot, in this city. Members of the board of trustees present at the meeting included President James F. Morgan, J. P. Cooke, E. E. Paxton, J. W. Waldron, E. D. Tenney, Robert Catton, E. I. Spaulding and Secretary Wood. Prince Kuhio, delegate to congress, was also present by invitation, and it was upon his advice that the cablegram was sent.

A majority of the committee, it is understood, are in favor of simply endorsing the plans of the war department, whatever they may be in regard to the establishment of a garrison in this city. But others feel that a suggestion that the soldiers should find a site outside the center of the city might carry weight, and it is suggested that Fort Shafter or some open space along the waterfront would be better for the soldiers as well as for the city.

However, it will depend entirely upon the cablegram expected from Mr. McCellan, tomorrow or Tuesday, as to what action will be taken by the chamber of commerce and merchants' association. It is possible that a joint meeting of the two bodies will be held early this week, in case it is seen that action taken here will have any effect.

The principal objection to the armory site, from the point of view of the civilian, is that it will crowd several thousand men in a thickly populated center of the city with straightened quarters, which will be bad for the soldiers and tend to boisterousness when they are given liberty. The experience of those who know the climate and surroundings is that there should be plenty of ground about such a garrison as proposed.

"BOSS" COX QUILTS  
AS A REPUBLICAN  
LEADER IN OHIO

CINCINNATI, May 21.—"Boss" Cox announces his retirement from politics. This means that the dominant figure in the Republican party in this end of Ohio, throws up his hands and quits, practically acknowledging defeat at the hands of the insurgents.

Only a few hours before his announcement the indictments brought by the grand jury against the "Boss" were quashed. It is thought in some quarters that the quashing of the indictments and the stepping down and out of the "Boss" are dovetailed.

George Barnsdale Cox has been in the political limelight for about twenty-seven years. He started as a Blaine man in 1884, and speedily won a place for himself in the front rank of the Republican party as organized in Cincinnati and southern Ohio. Starting as a grocer boy he is now estimated to be a millionaire. His success in politics was due to the faculty he had of organization, of making enemies and fighting them. While winning in many of his battles he has also been defeated and his ambition to sit in the United States Senate was blocked by the other leaders in his party. During the last campaign Roosevelt went into his district and defeated him on his candidate. Since then he has had little hope of regaining his former power.

PETITION IS CLOSED  
FOR THE IRWIN SITE

With 5524 names secured on the petition for a change of the federal building site to the civic center from the Mahuka site, the campaign for this purpose closed yesterday, although five more petitions are to be returned yet with approximately 200 names.

Altogether there will be about 5700 names on the petition to be presented to congress, which is considerably more than was anticipated by Attorney A. L. C. Atkinson when he took hold of the matter two weeks ago.

"It would be easy to get six thousand names if it were necessary," said Mr. Atkinson yesterday, "for so many sent in for petitions and there was such a unanimity of sentiment in favor of the Irwin site that there has been no trouble in getting a good many more than the number of 5000 which we set at first as a limit."

Figuring out that there were just 6916 votes cast for all candidates for delegate to congress at the last election, Mr. Atkinson finds that over five-sevenths of the voters of Honolulu are in favor of the Irwin site for the federal building. And five-sevenths of an electorate on one petition is a most unusual happening.

The plans for the presentation of the petition have not been completed, except that the petition will be handled at Washington through the Delegate. The committee in charge of this campaign, consisting of James McInerney, Frank B. McStocker, E. H. Trent, A. L. C. Atkinson and Representative A. C. MacCalline, will meet early this week and decide, after a conference with Prince Kuhio.

All the members of the committee feel that this petition represents more conclusively the sentiment of the people of Honolulu than any similar effort has ever shown, and is a factor which demands consideration.

ENGLISH ROLE IN  
GARRISON TOWN

**SIMILAR CONDITIONS MAY BE HERE AS AT MALTA IN MEDITERRANEAN.**

In view of the fact that Honolulu may soon become what is generally known as a garrison town, it will be interesting to know how matters in this connection are run under the British flag. The island of Malta, in the Mediterranean, is a good example of what might be expected when Honolulu has a big square in the center of the town in which are housed thousands of troops.

The island is about the same size as Oahu, and also holds the same relative position in the Mediterranean Sea as this island does in the Pacific. The proposition of being the key, as we are looked on, is a much bigger thing here, but still something of the same conditions must exist.

The island of Malta is seventeen miles long, and has an area of ninety-five miles, which a couple of nearby islands raises to 117 square miles. It had a population in 1909 of 212,885, and is looked on as one of the most important ports of call in the world. It is used by the British as a base and resort for repair and refitment of their Mediterranean fleet. Its harbor was too small as a naval station, and a big breakwater was constructed to accommodate the warships.

Government Machinery. The governor is assisted by an executive council and a council of government, with the governor as president, a vice-president the lieutenant-governor and chief secretary, nine official members and eight elected members. The right to legislate by "Order in Council," in case of necessity, is provided for. The constitution has been amended of late, two elected members of the legislative council having been given seats, with salaries, on the executive council.

Although this resembles in a general sort of way our own legislative machinery, the salient point of difference is that the higher officials are appointees of the home government in England, and politics has very little to do with the running of the little country. Italian is still the official language of the courts, but parents have the right to decide whether or not their children shall be taught English or Italian at the schools, and in nearly every case it is the former.

Congested Population.

Although not at Malta, some interesting figures are available as to the way in which people are crammed into a small space at Gibraltar. That part of the Rock which forms the English crown colony has an area of one and seven-eighths square miles, and yet there are some 24,000 people living there. In spite of the necessary crowding, the death rate of the fixed civil population numbering some 19,000, is only a little over eighteen per thousand.

IT MAY HAVE BEEN  
DR. SUN YAT SEN

**FAMOUS AND MYSTERIOUS LEADER OF CHINESE REBELS ON MONGOLIA.**

Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the Honolulu-born Chinese who is directing the revolutionary propaganda against the Manchu throne of China, has been variously reported as being in New York, Yokohama, Singapore and even in southern China during the recent uprising in Canton, but according to Hon. William Martin, for many years the United States representative at Hankow, and yesterday a through passenger on the Mongolia, Doctor Sun may have been aboard the steamer on which he recently traveled up the China coast en route to Japan to take passage on the Mongolia at Kobe for the United States.

Mr. Martin, discussing the China situation Saturday, asked many questions concerning Doctor Sun. He knew that the famous revolutionary leader was born and educated in Honolulu, and practically recognized him as the brains and directing hand of the movement against the imperial throne. He wanted to know what the doctor looked like, how he dressed and how well he spoke English.

He was told that Doctor Sun is of medium height, well built, with square shoulders, and could be taken for a Chinese or a Japanese, or a Chinese-Filipino, or a Spaniard, or South American, for it is one of the doctor's fortunate faculties to pass himself off for about any nationality except Caucasian, and in that way he manages to escape detection just at a time when he desires to keep his identity under cover.

"Well, let me tell you of an incident on the steamer," said Mr. Martin. "I was talking of Chinese affairs with a wealthy and well-versed Chinese and we talked of the uprising. He was telling me that there were twelve viceroys who were Chinese, not Manchus, and that when the supreme moment came they would throw their fortunes in with those opposing the Manchu dynasty, when we were joined by a third person, who seemed to be well acquainted with the merchant. That brought us to talking of this Doctor Sun. We talked of his whereabouts and I asked then what he looked like and remarked that I wondered where he was then."

"The third person was a man whose appearance was much as he has been described, and the merchant, smiling, said that the doctor might be on that boat then, and at this the third person also smiled. He said very little, but what he did say, was spoken in fluent English and with a thorough knowledge of the subjects under discussion. He also smiled, and then walked away. "I have wondered if that was not the famous Doctor Sun."

EXTENSION NOW  
ARRANGED FOR

**MANOA VALLEY AND PUHUNI SECTIONS TO GET SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.**

(From Monday's Advertiser.) Residents of the Manoa Valley and Puuhuni sections will receive with much satisfaction the news given out yesterday by President E. A. Mott-Smith, that the territorial board of health has arranged for the extension of the sewerage systems to those districts.

This intelligence was communicated in the course of a conversation regarding the valuable results which the board achieved last week and the important plans it laid for continuing its crusade to make Honolulu a clean and healthy city.

"Yes," last week was a strenuous one," admitted Mr. Mott-Smith, "but the good thing about it is that there have been results."

"Tell us about some of them," was the request of reporters, who called upon him even though it was Sunday and he was supposed to be resting previous to getting down to another week's grind on health matters.

"I could not begin to enumerate all of them," he answered, as he carefully removed the red and gold band from a fat Manila cigar, "but I will outline a few of them."

"For example, we started the procedure for filling in the Kewalo and Kakaako low lands; also the low-lying strip between the Rapid Transit track and Beretania avenue at Moiliili. Moreover, we served notice to begin proceedings on the owners of camp three. We also took up the preliminary plans for the slaughterhouse at Kalihi."

Orders Erection Stopped.

"I have stopped the erection of a new slaughterhouse until the owner builds one in accordance with the plans and specifications we are getting out. I intend to see that he has a real good slaughterhouse. In the meantime we are taking up the others. Monday I propose to take up the Iwilei stockade and the slaughterhouses at Kalihi."

"Another matter which engaged our attention during the week was the extension of the sewer to Manoa Valley and Puuhuni and in the Kalihi district. In company with the city and county officials we also started preliminary work on the sewerage of Waipahu. We also opened the negotiations for carrying on clean-up day under a citizens' organization. I also addressed the local branch of the Woman's National Rivers and Harbors Congress to secure the cooperation of that organization in the mosquito elimination campaign."

Drainage Scheme.

"But that was not all. We have, with the city and county officials, begun the preliminary plans for the drainage of the section bounded by Liliha, Kukul, Nuuanu and the waterfront. We also arranged with the county officials for the extension and better equipment of the garbage and excavator services and also for milk inspection."

"This was all outside of the tremendous amount of work done by Dr. J. S. B. Pratt and other officers of the board of health in organizing the sanitary inspections where the territorial and county inspectors have been brought under one system, and in clearing up and abating a number of nuisances and mosquito breeding places throughout the city. Doctor Pratt has not only done that, but he has participated in the general matters stated above."

"Incidentally we have been working on the laws, rules and regulations. We are starting many new lines of new procedure. We have got our procedure fixed now for the application of the new nuisance law and will go right ahead with it."

RUSHING EXPOSITION  
PLANS IN SAN DIEGO

SAN DIEGO, April 30.—San Diego has fixed the date for the ground breaking and cornerstone laying ceremonies for the Panama-California Exposition, to be July 19-22.

This exposition is fifteen per cent prepared at this date. The sum of \$2,000,000 has been raised for the preliminary expense; the State of California has appropriated \$250,000 for a building; the counties of California are authorized to appropriate adequate sums for exhibits; the architects have laid out the grounds and are working on the preliminary propagating work; Bertrand Goodhue, world-famous architect, is designing the buildings, and Frank P. Allen Jr., who built the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, is organizing his department of work.

San Diego can care for 30,000 visitors. The hotels and apartment houses, the tent city and other places where she can entertain visitors make of San Diego an ideal convention and carnival city. She is making ready to entertain the largest crowd of visitors at the ground breaking celebration that ever gathered in her limits for any occasion. Among the thousands present will be delegates to the National Educational Association, which closes its convention in San Francisco July 14.

WOMAN ASTRONOMER DIES

BOSTON, May 22.—Mrs. Williamina Paton Fleming, the most renowned woman astronomer in the world, died here yesterday. She was in charge of the astrophotographic building at Harvard University. She was assistant curator in Harvard since 1879, and in 1898 was appointed curator of astronomical photographs.

STORY BY KODAK  
OF ASIA'S WRECK

**HOW THOUGHTFUL PASSENGERS IN TIME OF PERIL TOOK PICTURES.**

(From Sunday's Advertiser.) "When the Asia was crowded full speed ahead under Captain Gankroger's orders, she rammed her bow directly against the precipice of Finger Rock, and one could have stepped from the bow directly upon the rocks," said J. Simcock, one of the Asia's passengers, who was a through passenger on the Mongolia, yesterday. "It was a marvel the way the captain sent the boat in there, as otherwise I believe the vessel, after the ripping she got when she struck the first shoals, would have sunk had she not been sent full speed ahead."

The Asia is a total loss and there will be no salvage from the vessel to speak of. Some of the passengers heard of a Chinese warship, a request for the services of which was met with a curt answer, practically a refusal to go to the aid of the stricken vessel, the commander being quoted as having said that he did not want to disturb the Chinese fishermen, or pirates, from getting what movable stuff they could carry away in their junks.

The passengers took a number of photographs of the wreck, and the above picture was taken from one of the steamer's boats which was filled with passengers being taken to a place of safety in a cove in the rocks. The picture shows that although the passengers were momentarily in peril, kodaks were not forgotten in the rush and they are now carrying home many mementoes on films of the disaster.

SCHOONER BOUND FOR  
HONOLULU FOUNDERS

**THE WILLIAM H. MARSTON SINKS, BUT CABLE REPORT THE CREW SAVED.**

The American schooner William H. Marston, which sailed from San Francisco on May 18, at five o'clock in the afternoon, for Honolulu and Pearl Harbor, sprung a leak when less than two days out, and sunk off the California coast after the crew had abandoned the vessel.

When the captain and crew left the ship yesterday she was water-logged, but she sank before the crew were out of sight. According to a special dispatch received by the local agency of the Merchants' Exchange last night the crew was saved by the American Hawaiian steamship Mexican, which left Seattle for Honolulu on the 19th.

The Merchants' Exchange cable read as follows:

"Marston abandoned waterlogged yesterday; crew saved Mexican."

The Associated Press cable last night adds the information that the vessel sprung a leak and sank off the coast, the crew being rescued, but the name of the rescuing vessel is not mentioned. The William H. Marston left San Francisco with a cargo of lumber and other materials for the Pearl Harbor drydock, and it was thought she had piling on board to be used in piling down the bottom of the drydock. The Marston has brought considerable machinery and gear for the drydock contractor, much of the stuff having been used on the Mare Island dock.

The cables did not mention anything about the weather, but it is thought the vessel encountered a severe storm which caused the seams to open and the vessel to fill and founder.

DRYDOCK CONTRACTOR  
LEAVES FOR COAST

Contractor Smith, representing the San Francisco Bridge Company, left hurriedly for San Francisco yesterday on the steamship Mongolia, armed with blue prints of the Pearl Harbor drydock. He is going over to confer with the head office of the company and to get in touch with naval officials as well as suppliers of materials required for completing the drydock.

Since the contractor found that in pumping out the enclosed section of the drydock that the coral bottom was being forced up by the clay strata underneath, and the sheath piling also being raised, a new plan of procedure would have to be followed to get a firm foundation before the concrete could be laid on.

The water has been allowed to rise to the level of the water outside and there will be nothing doing there until material for piles arrives. In the interim Mr. Smith found it convenient to make a hurried trip to the mainland, but will be back shortly to take up the new work, which it is expected the navy department will authorize.

MILLIONAIRES MAY  
BE MADE TO TESTIFY

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Andrew Carnegie has been subpoenaed as a witness in the investigation by the house of representatives into the steel trust. It is stated that J. Pierpont Morgan, Charles M. Schwab and Henry C. Frick may also be summoned.

DIAZ DENIES HE  
WILL LEAVE  
COUNTRY

**Refutes Tale of Sending Away Ten Million Dollars.**

**OLD ISSUE PENDING**

**General Madero Not to Share Power With de la Barra.**

MEXICO CITY, May 21.—Sensational stories have been circulated industrially in the city that President Diaz had sent ten million dollars in gold to New York and that he intended to leave the country after his resignation. Last evening Diaz emphatically denied any such intention of leaving or of having sent away ten millions or any other sums.

It is admitted here in high quarters that General Reyes, who was sent to France last year on a diplomatic mission by Diaz to remove him from the country, is remaining in Havana to avoid by his return at this time introducing a discordant note in the peace negotiations.

Church and State.

It is becoming more and more evident that with the settlement of the questions affecting peace with the insurgents the country will be convulsed by a controversy between the Catholic church and the state, which is looming up as the future big issue to be settled.

Within the past few years the church has regained much of its power, which was opposed by Diaz during his first administrations, and it is now a dominant force in many respects.

Farewell to Troops.

JUAREZ, May 21.—General Francisco Madero will start today for Sonora before proceeding to Mexico City. Yesterday he bid farewell to his troops. It was an impressive incident and the general was cheered most enthusiastically.

Madero denies that he contemplates a dual regency with de la Barra. Yesterday he sent a personal representative to Mexico City to confer with Diaz and de la Barra.

The peace commissioners here, representing both sides, will issue a manifesto today establishing peace to take the place of the armistice now in force.

Will Respect Armistice.

GUERNAVACA, May 21.—The rebels here yesterday agreed to respect the armistice which is in force elsewhere. Until this time there has been continual skirmishing between the rebels and the federal forces.

Word has been received that after four days of desperate fighting in the streets of Cuernavaca, near here, the rebels have abandoned that town, leaving 100 killed and wounded.

FIFTY-FOUR BABIES  
DIE FROM THE HEAT

CHICAGO, May 21.—The terrific heat of the last few days has been broken, but leaves a fearful record of death and prostration. Beside the deaths already reported fifty-seven babies have died in the last four days from the effects of the heat.

The storm which swept over this city yesterday brought relief, but reports in other quarters continue to come in of prostrations. In Cleveland there were 250 yesterday.

CORNELL CREW WINNERS.

PRINCETON, May 21.—The Cornell University crew yesterday defeated Princeton and Yale University crews in the annual regatta.

SENATE THREATENED  
WITH LONG SESSION

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Leaders of the house of representatives are threatening an unbroken summer session unless the senate votes for the Canadian reciprocity bill, the farmers' bill and the proposed woolen schedule. It is announced that if the senate will comply with the wishes of the house, there will be a recess from July 1 to October 1, but that the house intends to stand by its action and see that the reciprocity bill is passed. No reply has yet been made by senate leaders.

TRY IT ONCE.

Now is the time to get rid of your rheumatism. You will find Chamberlain's Pain Balm wonderfully effective. It is also an excellent liniment for lame back, stiffness and soreness of the muscles; sprains and bruises. One application will convince you of its merits. Try it. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.